



KAVALIITE / FORMELBILAGA

Vakioita / Konstanter

$$N_A = 6,022\,140\,76 \cdot 10^{23} \text{ 1/mol}$$

$$G = 6,674 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ Nm}^2/\text{kg}^2$$

$$e = 1,602\,176\,634 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

$$F = 96\,485 \text{ C/mol}$$

$$g = 9,81 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$h = 6,626\,070\,15 \cdot 10^{-34} \text{ J} \cdot \text{s}$$

$$h = 4,135\,7 \cdot 10^{-15} \text{ eV} \cdot \text{s}$$

$$\sigma = 5,670 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K}^4)$$

$$b = 2,897\,771\,955 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m} \cdot \text{K}$$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8,85 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ F/m}$$

$$\mu_0 \approx 4\pi \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ Vs}/(\text{Am}) \approx 1,257 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ Vs}/(\text{Am})$$

$$c = 299\,792\,458 \text{ m/s}$$

$$c_a = 343 \text{ m/s}$$

$$R_H = 1,096\,8 \cdot 10^7 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

$$c(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = 4,19 \text{ kJ}/(\text{kg} \cdot \text{K})$$

$$K_w = 1,008 \cdot 10^{-14} (\text{mol/l})^2$$

$$I_0 = 10^{-12} \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$R = 8,314\,46 (\text{Pa} \cdot \text{m}^3) / (\text{mol} \cdot \text{K})$$

$$= 0,083\,1446 (\text{bar} \cdot \text{dm}^3) / (\text{mol} \cdot \text{K})$$

$$e \approx 2,718\,28$$

$$\pi \approx 3,1416$$

$$\text{protoni/proton: } m_p = 1,672\,621\,6 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ kg} \\ = 1,007\,276\,5 \text{ u}$$

$$\text{neutroni/neutron: } m_n = 1,674\,927\,3 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ kg} \\ = 1,008\,665\,0 \text{ u}$$

$$\text{elektroni/elektron: } m_e = 9,109\,382\,2 \cdot 10^{-31} \text{ kg} \\ = 5,485\,799\,1 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ u}$$

$$u = 931,49 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$= 1,660\,538\,9 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

Kaavoja ja muuntokertoimia / Formler och omvandlingsfaktorer

$$0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} = 273,15 \text{ K}$$

$$1 \text{ atm} = 101\,325 \text{ Pa}$$

$$1 \text{ eV} \approx 1,602 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$$1 \text{ kWh} = 3,6 \text{ MJ}$$

$$360^\circ = 2\pi \text{ rad}$$

$$\ln 2 \approx 0,693$$

$$A = 4\pi r^2; V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\cos x = \sin(90^\circ - x), 0 \leq x \leq 90^\circ$$

$$\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = 1$$

Kemia / Kemi

$$It = nzF$$

$$pV = nRT$$

$$K_a = \frac{[A^-][\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]}{[\text{HA}]}$$

$$\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a + \lg \frac{[A^-]}{[\text{HA}]}$$

Fysiikka / Fysik

$$v = v_0 + at$$

$$x = x_0 + v_0t + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$v = \omega r$$

$$T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega}; f_n = \frac{n}{t} = \frac{1}{T}$$

$$\omega = \omega_0 + \alpha t$$

$$\varphi = \varphi_0 + \omega_0t + \frac{1}{2}\alpha t^2$$

$$a = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$F = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}, E_p = -\frac{G m_1 m_2}{r}$$

$$F = -kx; \frac{F}{A} = E \frac{\Delta l}{l}$$



$$T = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{m}{k}} = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$$

$$E_{\text{pot}} = \frac{1}{2}kx^2$$

$$\bar{p} = m\bar{v}$$

$$\Delta\bar{p} = \bar{I} = \bar{F}\Delta t$$

$$W = F\Delta x \cos \alpha$$

$$l = l_0(1 + \alpha\Delta T); V = V_0(1 + \gamma\Delta T)$$

$$\eta = \frac{W_o}{W_i} = \frac{\frac{W_o}{t}}{\frac{P_o}{P_i}} = \frac{P_o}{P_i}$$

$$\Delta Q = cm\Delta T$$

$$Q = sm$$

$$Q = rm$$

$$\mu_{\text{max}} = 1 - \frac{T_2}{T_1}$$

$$S = \sigma T^4$$

$$\lambda_{\text{max}} T = b$$

$$F = \frac{Q_1 Q_2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2}$$

$$F = qE$$

$$V(x_0) = E_0/q$$

$$E_{\text{pot}} = qU$$

$$E = \frac{U}{d}$$

$$C = Q/U$$

$$C = \epsilon_r \epsilon_0 \frac{A}{d}$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2}QU$$

$$U = RI, P = UI, R = \rho \frac{l}{A}$$

$$E = hf = \frac{hc}{\lambda}; E(\text{eV}) = 1240/\lambda(\text{nm})$$

$$F_\mu = \mu N$$

$$P = W/t$$

$$E_p = mgh; E_k = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$\bar{M} = \bar{r} \times \bar{F}$$

$$p = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{Fs}{As} = \frac{W}{V}$$

$$p = \rho gh$$

$$f = f_0 \frac{v}{v \pm v_1}; f = f_0 \frac{v \pm v_h}{v}$$

$$l = \frac{P}{A}, \frac{l_1}{l_2} = \frac{r_2^2}{r_1^2}$$

$$L = 10 \lg\left(\frac{I}{I_0}\right) \text{ dB}$$

$$\frac{\sin \alpha_1}{\sin \alpha_2} = \frac{\lambda_1}{\lambda_2} = \frac{v_1}{v_2} = \frac{n_2}{n_1} = n_{12}$$

$$L = I/A$$

$$\frac{v_1}{v_2} = \sqrt{\frac{T_1}{T_2}}$$

$$\Delta Q = I \cdot \Delta t$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r}$$

$$\bar{F} = q(\bar{v} \times \bar{B}); F = qvB \sin \alpha$$

$$F_m = IlB \sin \alpha$$

$$e = lvB \sin \alpha$$

$$\Phi = AB \cos \alpha$$

$$e = NAB \omega \sin(\omega t)$$

$$e_k = -\frac{\Delta\Phi}{\Delta t}$$

$$M = NABI \sin \alpha$$

$$\frac{U_1}{U_2} = \frac{N_1}{N_2} \approx \frac{I_2}{I_1}$$

$$I = I_0 e^{-\mu x}$$



$$\lambda = \frac{h}{p} = \frac{h}{mv}$$

$$2d \sin \theta = n\lambda$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} = R_H \left(\frac{1}{n^2} - \frac{1}{m^2} \right)$$

$$N = \frac{m}{M} N_A$$

$$T_{1/2} = \frac{\ln 2}{\lambda}$$

$$E_k^{max} = hf - W_0$$

$$E = \sum (w_T H_T)$$

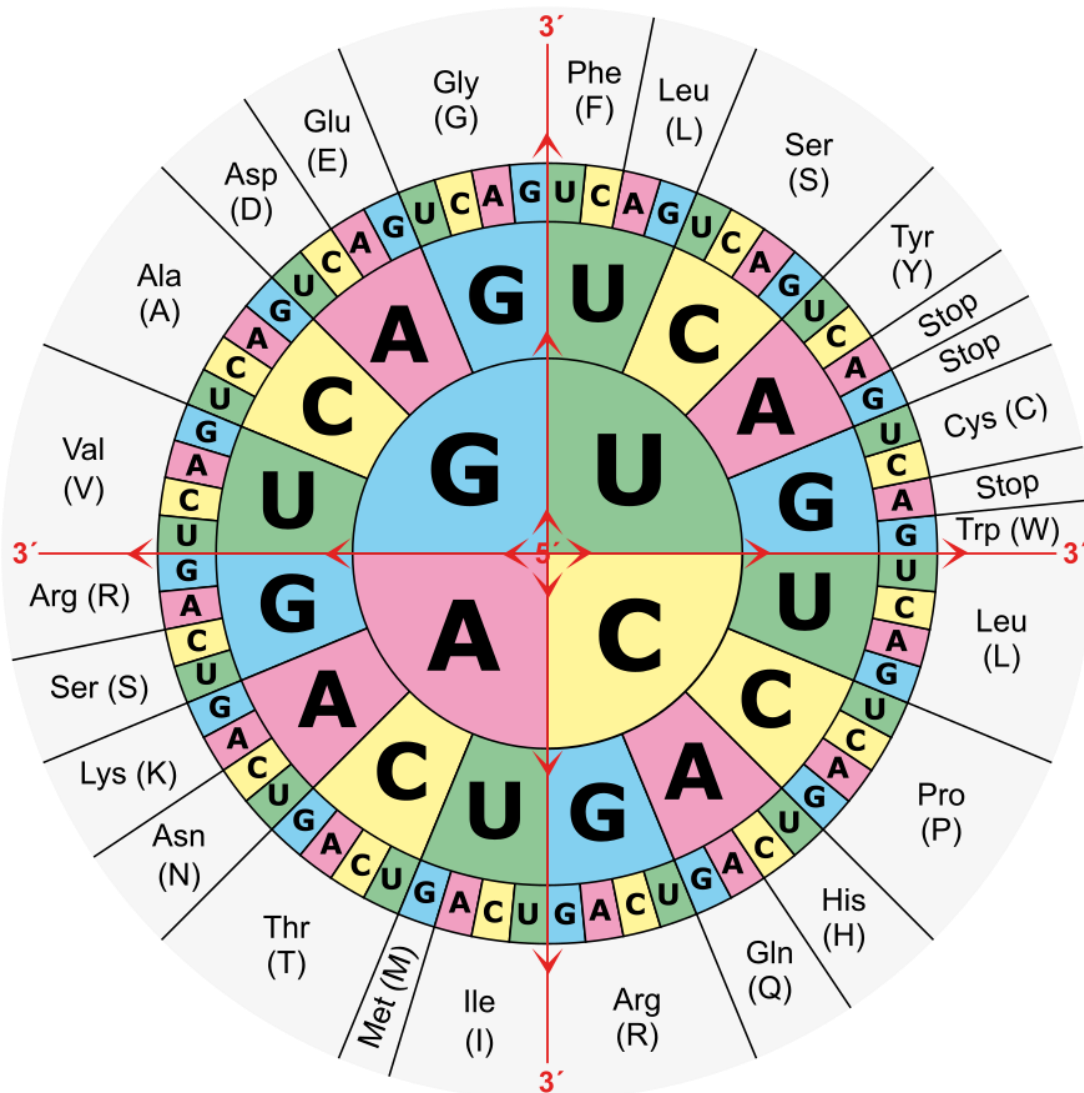
$$E = \frac{\phi}{A}$$

$$\Delta E_k = W = QU$$

$$A = \lambda N = \lambda N_0 e^{-\lambda t} = A_0 e^{-\lambda t}$$

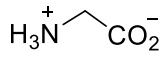
$$H_T = w_R D$$

**Lähettilä-RNA:n kodoneja vastaavat aminohapot
Aminosyror som motsvarar kodon i budbärar-RNA**

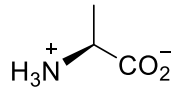


Luonnon aminohapot / Aminosyrorna i naturen

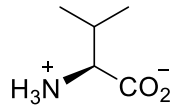
Aminohapot on esitetty siinä muodossa, jossa ne pääosin esiintyvät fysiologisessa pH-arvossa 7,4. Aminosyrorna presenteras i den form som mest förekommer vid det fysiologiska pH-värdet 7,4.



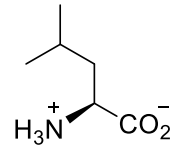
**glysiini /
glycin**
Gly, G



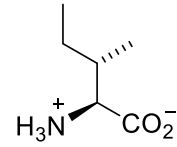
**alaniini /
alanin**
Ala, A



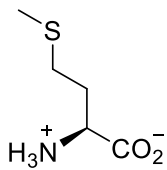
**valiini /
valin**
Val, V



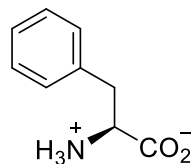
**leusiini /
leucin**
Leu, L



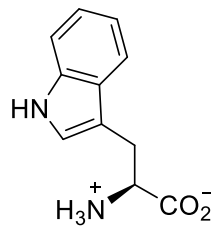
**isoleusiini /
isoleucin**
Ile, I



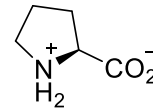
**metioniini /
metionin**
Met, M



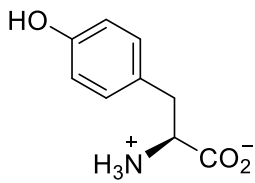
**fenyylialaniini /
fenylalanin**
Phe, F



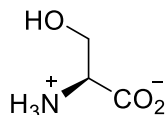
**tryptofaani /
tryptofan**
Trp, W



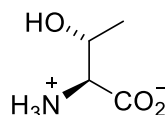
**proliini /
prolin**
Pro, P



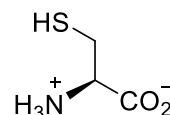
**tyrosiini /
tyrosin**
Tyr, Y



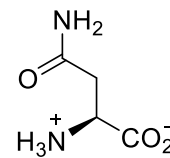
**seriini /
serin**
Ser, S



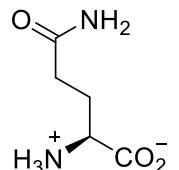
**treoniini /
treonin**
Thr, T



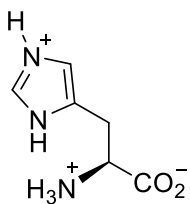
**kysteiini /
cystein**
Cys, C



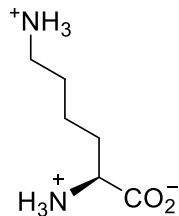
**asparagiini /
asparagin**
Asn, N



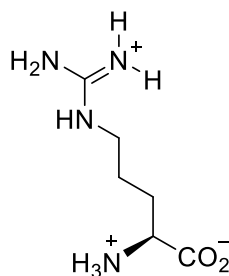
**glutamiini /
glutamin**
Gln, Q



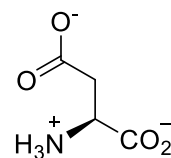
**histidiini /
histidin**
His, H



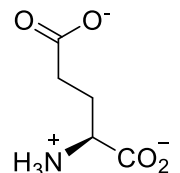
**lyysiini /
lysin**
Lys, K



**arginiini /
arginin**
Arg, R



**asparagiinihappo /
asparaginsyra**
Asp, D



**glutamiinihappo /
glutaminsyra**
Glu, E



Alkuaineiden jaksollinen järjestelmä / Grundämnenas periodiska system

	1																	18						
1	¹H 1,008																	²He 4,003						
2	³Li 6,941	⁴Be 9,012																	⁵B 10,81	⁶C 12,01	⁷N 14,01	⁸O 16,00	⁹F 19,00	¹⁰Ne 20,18
3	¹¹Na 22,99	¹²Mg 24,31																	¹³Al 26,98	¹⁴Si 28,09	¹⁵P 30,97	¹⁶S 32,07	¹⁷Cl 35,45	¹⁸Ar 39,95
4	¹⁹K 39,10	²⁰Ca 40,08	²¹Sc 44,96	²²Ti 47,87	²³V 50,94	²⁴Cr 52,00	²⁵Mn 54,94	²⁶Fe 55,85	²⁷Co 58,93	²⁸Ni 58,69	²⁹Cu 63,55	³⁰Zn 65,38	³¹Ga 69,72	³²Ge 72,63	³³As 74,92	³⁴Se 78,96	³⁵Br 79,90	³⁶Kr 83,80						
5	³⁷Rb 85,47	³⁸Sr 87,62	³⁹Y 88,91	⁴⁰Zr 91,22	⁴¹Nb 92,91	⁴²Mo 95,96	⁴³Tc (98)	⁴⁴Ru 101,07	⁴⁵Rh 102,91	⁴⁶Pd 106,42	⁴⁷Ag 107,87	⁴⁸Cd 112,41	⁴⁹In 114,82	⁵⁰Sn 118,71	⁵¹Sb 121,76	⁵²Te 127,60	⁵³I 126,90	⁵⁴Xe 131,29						
6	⁵⁵Cs 132,91	⁵⁶Ba 137,33	57 - 71	⁷²Hf 178,49	⁷³Ta 180,95	⁷⁴W 183,84	⁷⁵Re 186,21	⁷⁶Os 190,23	⁷⁷Ir 192,22	⁷⁸Pt 195,08	⁷⁹Au 196,97	⁸⁰Hg 200,59	⁸¹Tl 204,38	⁸²Pb 207,2	⁸³Bi 208,98	⁸⁴Po (209)	⁸⁵At (210)	⁸⁶Rn (222)						
7	⁸⁷Fr (223)	⁸⁸Ra (226)	89 - 103	¹⁰⁴Rf (261)	¹⁰⁵Db (262)	¹⁰⁶Sg (266)	¹⁰⁷Bh (264)	¹⁰⁸Hs (277)	¹⁰⁹Mt (268)	¹¹⁰Ds (281)	¹¹¹Rg (272)	¹¹²Cn (285)	¹¹³Nh (286)	¹¹⁴Fl (289)	¹¹⁵Mc (288)	¹¹⁶Lv (293)	¹¹⁷Ts (294)	¹¹⁸Og (294)						

(57 - 71):	⁵⁷La 138,91	⁵⁸Ce 140,12	⁵⁹Pr 140,91	⁶⁰Nd 144,24	⁶¹Pm (145)	⁶²Sm 150,36	⁶³Eu 151,96	⁶⁴Gd 157,25	⁶⁵Tb 158,93	⁶⁶Dy 162,50	⁶⁷Ho 164,93	⁶⁸Er 167,26	⁶⁹Tm 168,93	⁷⁰Yb 173,05	⁷¹Lu 174,97
(89 - 103):	⁸⁹Ac (227)	⁹⁰Th 232,04	⁹¹Pa 231,04	⁹²U 238,03	⁹³Np (237)	⁹⁴Pu (244)	⁹⁵Am (243)	⁹⁶Cm (247)	⁹⁷Bk (247)	⁹⁸Cf (251)	⁹⁹Es (252)	¹⁰⁰Fm (257)	¹⁰¹Md (258)	¹⁰²No (259)	¹⁰³Lr (262)